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Speech of General Secretary KIM IL SUNG

Of Central Committee of Workers' Party of Korea

At Banquet Celebrating 30th Founding Anniversary of WPK

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party, arranged a grand banquet on the evening of October 10 at the People's Palace of Culture in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea.

Follows the full text of the speech made by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, at the banquet:

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Comrades,

Today we are solemnly commemorating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea with a great revolutionary confidence and victors' pride.

On the occasion of this festive day I offer my warm congratulations to our comrade Party members, workers, farmers, soldiers, working intellectuals, and all other people who have valiantly fought for the foundation of our Party and its consolidation and development, for the reunification and independence of the country and for the accomplishment of socialist and communist cause.

I warmly congratulated comrade representatives of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and south Korean revolutionaries who are present here with us celebrating our Party's gala day. I also send militant greetings to the revolutionaries and people in south Korea who, despite the fascist repression by the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, are indefatigably struggling for the democratization of south Korean society and the country's reunification.

I also warmly congratulate the members of various delegations of the Koreans in Japan celebrating this holiday with us in the homeland and extend fervent greetings to the workers of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) and 600,000 Koreans in Japan and all our compatriots abroad who are unyieldingly struggling for their democratic national rights and for their socialist fatherland.

Present at this congratulatory banquet are delegations of the fraternal parties, governments and social organizations, personages from different social quarters, and many other foreign comrades and friends who are on a visit to our country. I cordially welcome these delegations from many countries and foreign friends who are here with us to celebrate our feast day.

Comrades,

Because they had no revolutionary party in the past, the working class and working people of our country suffered many setbacks and went through vicissitudes in the revolutionary struggle, and were subjected to a bitter colonial slavery for a long time.

The true Communists of Korea from the new generation keenly realized the burning desire of our people and the demands of the time, and resolutely rose in the struggle to found a revolutionary party of a new type. In the crucible of the arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle which was waged for over 20 years, we trained revolutionary hard cores who were to carry forward the Korean revolution and laid the solid groundwork for the foundation of our Party.

The struggle to set up our Party was beset with indescribable difficulties and witnessed heart-rending sacrifices. In this struggle many communists and revolutionaries shed blood and laid down their precious lives.

Recalling with deep emotions those revolutionary comrades who fell fighting in the bloody struggle to build the Party, going through all hardships and trials, the revolutionary comrades who did not live to see the liberation of the country to which they had so eagerly aspired and are not with us here on this festive day, I pay a high tribute to them, these revolutionary martyrs, who departed us. The lofty exploits they performed for the Party and the revolution will shine for ever in the history of our Party.

We liberated the country and announced the establishment of our Party to the whole world and thus realized with credit the ardent desire of the Korean Communists and our people and opened up bright prospects for the Korean revolution.

The foundation of our Party marked the advent of a new era, the era of the glorious Workers' Party resplendent with great transformations and creations, in the history of our country and in the advancement of the Korean revolution.

It seems only yesterday that we founded the Party, but 30 years have already passed since then. Of course 30 years is not a very long time in the history of a nation or in the annals of the communist movement. But in this period our Party has done a great deal for the liberty and well-being of the people, for the prosperity and thriving of the country. By carrying out the democratic and socialist revolutions our Party abolished for good all forms of exploitation and oppression. It has vigorously accelerated the building of socialism and turned our once poor and backward country into a socialist industrial state with the firm foundations of an independent national economy.

Over the past 30 years, under the wise leadership of the Party, our country has carried out great changes in all the political, economic and cultural fields; society and nature as well as people have changed beyond recognition. In the era of the Workers' Party, Korea which once fell into oblivion has made a world-wide name as a powerful, dignified, independent and sovereign socialist state.

With the progress of the revolution over the past period, our Party has continued to grow. When we set about organizing the Party 30 years ago, it had only a few thousand members, but now it has become a large party with a membership of two millions. The ranks of our Party now consist of the veteran revolutionaries who, from the years of the anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle, have fought undergoing every hardship and ordeal, the old members who, from the first days of its founding, have unwaveringly followed the road of revolution carrying its banner, and of the new, young members who have grown up in the fruitful struggle for the building of a new country. This shows that our Party is a seasoned party which, born of deep historical roots, has grown up through the long years of revolutionary struggle, a party with a promising future, with inexhaustible vitality and potentialities.

In revolutionary storms our Party has been tempered into an indestructible force. It waged an armed struggle, has struggled for economic construction and fought domestic class enemies as well as foreign imperialist aggressors. In this course it has been tried and tested and gained a wealth of experiences.

Our Party has won a great victory for the Juche idea and brought about a firm unity of the Party ranks in ideology and purpose through the fierce struggle against the opportunist ideological trends of all hues, such as factionalism, parochialism, dogmatism and revisionism, as well as all sorts of unhealthy ideological residues detrimental to the Party's unity and cohesion. The attainment of the firm unity and cohesion of the Party based on the Juche idea is a great victory that gladdens us more than anything else today when we are celebrating the 30th birthday of the Party.

For its devoted services to the country and the people and for its great exploits in and tremendous contributions to the struggle for socialism and communism, our Party has won unreserved support and deep trust from our people. The entire Korean people now highly praise the Workers' Party of Korea as the "mother party," expressing their unbounded faith in and loyalty to it, and are afire with a firm determination to follow it towards communism, entrusting their destiny entirely to it.

At present the situation of our Party is very good and its prospects are optimistic.

Today we are very glad to commemorate the 30th birthday of our Party with a deep satisfaction over the great achievements made in the past three decades and with an immovable confidence that it will finally accomplish the cause of communism under the banner of Marxism-Leninism and the Juche idea.

Comrades,

The Korean revolution has as yet a long, difficult way to go. We must reunify the divided country and build a blissful land on our soil of 3,000 *ri* for all our 50 million people to lead a happy life.

The struggle for national reunification is a very difficult and arduous struggle. If we are to reunify the country, we will have to fight the U.S. imperialists, the chieftain of world imperialism, as well as all the counterrevolutionary forces within and without that are instigated by the former. In this struggle we shall have to go through hardships, and must be ready to sacrifice ourselves.

The struggle for the building of socialism and communism is by no means an easy struggle, either. To attain this end, we will have to surmount many difficulties and ordeals and carry the revolution through to the end down through generations.

We must do everything possible to strengthen our Party, the general staff of the revolution, if we are to carry out these difficult and tremendous revolutionary tasks successfully. The future of the Korean revolution and the destiny of our people hinge on whether or not we constantly strengthen and develop our Party into a revolutionary vanguard organization of the working class, and herein lies the decisive guarantee for the victory of the revolution.

Unity and cohesion based on Marxism-Leninism and the Juche idea are the life and soul of our Party and the source of its indestructible strength. We must establish the monolithic ideological system more firmly in the whole Party and continue to solidly ensure the unity of the Party ranks in ideology and purpose as well as their revolutionary cohesion. All of the veteran revolutionaries, old Party members and young functionaries should stand together closely and join efforts to build up our Party more solidly.

While strengthening the Party, it is important to closely rally the entire people around it. A party divorced from the people, a party that has failed to rally the masses around itself, cannot be a strong party nor can it carry out the revolution and construction properly. Our Party should always staunchly champion the working people's interests and faithfully serve them, thereby strengthening its ties with the people and rallying all of them around itself more closely.

We must continue to vigorously push ahead with socialist construction. Only when we carry it out successfully, is it possible to reunify the country, win independence on a nationwide scale and accomplish the socialist and communist cause with credit. By vigorously carrying on the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural, we must further consolidate our revolutionary base politically, economically and militarily, and advance our revolution onto a new, higher plane. All the Party members and working people must keep accelerating the battle for grand socialist construction vigorously, not in the least slackening the spirit in which they fulfilled the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule, and valiantly advance towards a new eminence of socialism.

Even now when we are celebrating the 30th anniversary of the Party, the south Korean people are groaning under the diabolical fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges. At this moment too, numerous south Korean revolutionaries and patriots are waging an unyielding struggle, waiting for our helping hand, and broad patriotic people are out in the national-salvation struggle, looking up to the northern half of the Republic as a beacon of hope. We must not forget even for a moment our brothers in south Korea who are suffering under the tyranny of U.S. imperialism and its underlings, and must actively support and encourage the south Korean revolutionaries and people in their righteous struggle. By the active endeavours of the north and south Korean people the barriers of division will be torn down, the severed blood ties of the nation will be linked again, and the day will surely come when all our people enjoy a happy life in a reunified country.

Our Party must make strenuous efforts to strengthen its solidarity with the international revolutionary forces. We must continue to strive to expand the ranks of supporters and sympathizers for our revolution and actively support and encourage all the peoples of the world in their revolutionary struggle against imperialism for national independence and social progress. In the future, as in the past, the Workers' Party of Korea, holding aloft the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and the revolutionary banner of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle, will continue to fight staunchly for the triumph of the cause of peace, democracy, national independence, socialism and communism in unity with the socialist countries, with the Communist and Workers' Parties, the international working class, the third world countries and with all the progressive peoples of the world.

Comrades,

In the course of its struggle over the past 30 years our Party has made great achievements which will go down in history, and clearly proved the justice of its cause and its unfailing vitality.

Indeed, the 30 years covered by our Party have been years of struggle and advance, years of victory and glory. The immortal exploits performed by our Party over the past 30 years will be gold-lettered in the history of the communist movement in our country.

With its 30 years' history adorned with victories and glories, our Party has a still more brilliant future before it. Our Party that struggles for the just revolutionary cause under the banner of the Juche idea, will be ever victorious in the future too.

Let us unite firmly around the Party Central Committee under the banner of Marxism-Leninism, the revolutionary banner of the Juche idea, and march forward vigorously for national reunification and the nationwide victory of the revolution, for the completion of the cause of socialism and communism.

On this festive occasion marking the 30th anniversary of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, I propose to give a toast to the constant strengthening and development of our Party, to the health of all our Party members who have fought with all devotion for the revolution holding high the Party's banner; to the health of our heroic working class, cooperative farmers, working intellectuals and all other working people who have untiringly travelled the road of loyalty under the Party's leadership; to the health of comrade representatives of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and the south Korean revolutionaries; to the health of the members of various Chongryun delegations visiting the homeland and the entire 600,000 compatriots in Japan;

To the health of the delegation of the Spanish Communist Party headed by Comrade Santiago Carrillo, General Secretary of the SCP;

To the health of Comrade Emil Bobu, Member of the Executive Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party, Secretary of its Central Committee and vice-President of the State Council of the Romanian Socialist Republic;

To the health of the delegation of the Cuban Communist Party headed by Comrade Guillermo Garcia Frias, Member of the Political Bureau of the Party Central Committee and deputy Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba;

To the health of the delegation of the Togolese People's Rally headed by His Excellency Yaya Malou, Member of its Political Bureau and Minister of National Education of the Republic of Togo;

To the health of Madame Sunethra Rupasinghe, Secretary of the Prime Minister's Office of Coordination and Member of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Republic of Sri Lanka, and her party;

To the health of the delegation of the Mozambique Liberation Front headed by His Excellency Joaquim Munhepe, Member of its Central Committee;

To the health of the delegation of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana headed by His Excellency B. Ramsaroop, Chairman of the Party and Minister of Parliamentary Affairs;

To the health of the delegation of the Hungarian Patriotic People's Front headed by Comrade Bugar Janosne, Member of the Central Committee of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and vice-Chairman of the National Council of the Front;

To the health of the delegation of Costa Rican Socialist Party headed by His Excellency Alvaro Montero Mejia, General Secretary of its Central Committee;

To the health of the government delegation of the Republic of Uganda headed by His Excellency Henry K.M. Kyemba, Minister of Health;

To the health of the delegation of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi headed by His Excellency Barahinduka Jean, Member of its Central Committee, First Secretary of the Muyinga Provincial Party Committee and Governor of Muyinga Province;

To the health of the delegation of the Mauritanian People's Party headed by His Excellency Fall Malik, Member of its National Council, Honorary Chairman of the Workers' Union and Secretary of the Third District Party Committee of Nouakchott;

To the health of the delegation of the Lao Patriotic Front headed by His Excellency Sanan Soutthichak, Member and Propaganda Director of its Central Committee, representative of the Front in Vientiane and Member of the National Coalition Political Council of Laos;

To the health of the delegation of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Mr. Akamatsu Isamu, vice-Chairman of its Central Executive Committee, and other foreign delegations and diplomatic envoys who are here at this place to celebrate our holiday; and to the health of all comrades present here.

President Arranges Banquet on WPK's 30th Birthday

PYONGYANG, Oct. 11 (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party, arranged a grand banquet at the People's Palace of Culture on the evening of October 10 in celebration of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Present at the banquet were vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, and Comrades Kim Dong Gyu, Choe Hyon, O Jin U, So Chol, Pak Sung Chul, Rim Chun Chu, Yang Hyong Sop, Li Yong Mu, Han Ik Su, Yon Hyong Muk, Chon Mun Sop, Kim Yong Nam, Ho Dam, Hyon Mu Gwang, Chong Jun Gi, Kim Jung Rin, Kang Song San, Choe Jae U, Kong Jin Tae, Hong Won Gil, Nam Il, Hwang Jang Yop and O Baek Ryong and all the delegates who attended the commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea.

Invited to the banquet were comrades delegates of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification and members of delegations of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongryun) visiting the homeland.

Also invited to the banquet were delegations of various countries on a visit to our country and diplomatic envoys of different countries in Pyongyang.

To the strains of the welcome music the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, entered the banquet hall.

All the attendants of the banquet warmly welcomed the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with stormy applause and rousing cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" rocking the hall.

A delegate of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, the head of the home-visiting group of Korean youth sports, culture and art circle members in Japan and heads of delegations of various countries staying in our country entered the banquet hall.

The banquet began with the playing of the national anthem.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, made a speech at the banquet. (See above)

As the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung concluded his speech, all the attendants of the banquet enthusiastically welcomed the speech of the great leader with stormy applause and standing ovation of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" rocking the hall. They evinced the unshakable resolution to devote themselves to the struggle for the reunification of the country, the nationwide victory of the revolution and the accomplishment of the cause of socialism and communism, closely united around the Central Committee of the Party under the revolutionary banner of the Juche idea along the highway illumined by the great leader.

Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee and Secretary, of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, made a toast at the banquet.

He said that the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung reared the backbone of the revolution and nursed the historic roots for founding our Party pulling through all sorts of hardships and trials in the flames of the 20-odd years long arduous anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and accomplished after liberation the historic cause of founding the Party, a true revolutionary vanguard of the Korean working class, weathering out himself all bristling difficulties and trials in the way of founding the Party.

The good health and long life of the respected and beloved leader is the greatest wish of the entire Korean people who firmly believe in their bright future and the eternal prosperity of a reunified fatherland, looking up to the great leader, and it is the iron will of all our people to hold the fatherly leader in high esteem, emphasized the speaker.

The attendants of the banquet drank a toast reverentially wishing good health and a long life to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and guide of our Party and tender-hearted father of our people, for the reunification and eternal prosperity of our fatherland, for the happiness of all our generations to come and for the final victory of the cause of socialism and communism.

At the banquet representatives of the workers, peasants, soldiers and working intellectuals and anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters courteously offered toasts to the fatherly leader, reverentially wishing good health and a long life to the great leader who founded the revolutionary Party of Juche type and has led it sagaciously, thus bringing about epochal changes in this land and bringing infinite happiness to our people.

An art performance was given by the artists of the Mansudae Art Troupe at the banquet.

The banquet closed with a chorus of the song "May the Great Leader Enjoy a Long Life in Good Health."

When the banquet was over, thousands of colourful fireworks were let off, beautifully decorating the night sky over the capital significantly celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea.

The great leader President Kim Il Sung cordially met Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and warmly hugged him. (KCNA Radiophoto)

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, State Head Of Cambodia, Arrives in Pyongyang

PYONGYANG, Oct. 16 (KCNA)—Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, arrived in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, on October 15 by special train on the invitation of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae came to the railway station and cordially met Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk on a visit to our country, his first visit since his triumphant return home.

Arriving here together with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk were Sarin Chhak, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea and Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia; Keat Chhon, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea; Princess Norodom Keth Kanya, aunt of Head of State; Madame Pomme Peang, mother of Madame Princess Monique Sihanouk; Prince Norodom Sihamoni, son of Head of State; Madame Sar Saoroth, chief of private secretariat to Head of State; and suite.

The streets of Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, and the Pyongyang Railway Station were beautifully bedecked with the national flags of our country and Cambodia, welcome slogans in Korean and Cambodian and various kinds of decorations on the friendship and unity between the Korean and Cambodian peoples in welcome of the goodwill envoy of the Cambodian people.

Tens of thousands of working people in the capital turned out to the Pyongyang Railway Station with national flags of the two countries, bouquets of flowers and balloons in their hands to welcome the goodwill envoy of the Cambodian people.

Set up with due respect in the centre of the Pyongyang Railway Station plaza were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the revolution, and a portrait of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia. The portraits were flanked by the slogan boards reading "Long Live the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long Live Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea!"

The crowds warmly welcoming Samdech Norodom Sihanouk were enthusiastically hailing the triumphant return home of Samdech, Head of State, and sincerely rejoiced as over their own over the shining successes made by the fraternal Cambodian people in the building of a new society.

Before the arrival of the guests, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, came to the railway station.

The moment the rousing cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" swept the plaza and compound of the Pyongyang Railway Station.

Present at the railway station were vice-President Kang Ryang Uk, Comrades O Jin U, So Chol, Pak Sung Chul and Kim Yong Nam; and Hwang Jang Yop, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, Chairmen of Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council; responsible functionaries of working people's organizations and Pyongyang municipal power bodies, generals of the Korean People's Army and responsible men of science, education, culture, art and the press; and Kim Un Hwan, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of our country to the Kingdom of Cambodia.

Also on hand were staffers of the Royal Embassy of Cambodia and foreign diplomatic envoys here and Cambodian students studying in our country.

At 4:30 p.m. the special train carrying the goodwill envoy of the heroic Cambodian people slowly pulled in the platform amid the playing of the welcome music, cheers and rolling waves of flowers.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk alighted from the train waving his hand in acknowledgement of the enthusiastic cheers of the crowds.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and warmly hugged him.

Lovely children presented the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk with bouquets of fragrant flowers.

Samdech Nordom Sihano ukexchanged greetings with cadres of our country and foreign diplomatic envoys present there.

Accompanying Samdech Norodom Sihanouk from Sinuiju, the border city, were vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Dam and his wife; and Ang Kim Khoan, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Kingdom of Cambodia to our country, and his wife.

A grand ceremony for welcoming Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, was held in the railway station plaza.

The national anthems of Cambodia and our country were played and a 21 gun salvo boomed.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk in company with the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung reviewed a guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and Samdech Norodom Sihanouk boarded a car and headed for the Guest House when cheers of the crowds enthusiastically welcoming the goodwill envoy of the fraternal Cambodian people rocked the whole plaza.

The visit of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk to our country will further strengthen the friendship, unity and cooperation between the Korean and Cambodian peoples vigorously advancing along the road of anti-imperialism and independence and the building of a new life and go a long way towards further developing the relations of friendship and cooperation among the third world countries fighting shoulder to shoulder with each other on the road of independence and self-sustenance, frustrating the aggression and interference of the imperialists led by U.S. imperialism.

The welcoming crowds waved high above their heads national flags of the two countries and bouquets of flowers till the motorcade went out of sight, sincerely wishing that the goodwill envoy of the Cambodian people will spend significant and pleasant days in our country.

President KIM IL SUNG Receives Foreign Guests

Spain

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, received on October 11 Comrade Santiago Carrillo, General Secretary of the Spanish Communist Party, staying in our country and had a talk with him.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation of the Spanish Communist Party headed by Comrade Santiago Carrillo.

On hand were Comrade Yang Hyong Sop and personage concerned Kim Yong Sun.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with Comrade Santiago Carrillo in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

Uganda

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, granted on October 10 an audience to the government delegation of the Republic of Uganda on a visit to our country.

Present there were the members of the delegation headed by Henry K.M. Kyemba, Minister of Health of the Republic of Uganda.

Ho Dam, vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, and personage concerned Son Song Pil attended there.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly welcomed the delegation's visit to our country and conversed with it in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a personal letter and verbal message of His Excellency Idi Amin Dada, President of the Republic of Uganda, to the great leader.

The great leader thanked for this and asked the head of the delegation to convey his greetings to His Excellency President Idi Amin Dada.

The head of the delegation conveyed a gift carrying the best wishes of His Excellency President of the Republic of Uganda to the great leader that day.

Sri Lanka

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, and his wife Comrade Kim Song Ae received on October 11 eldest daughter of the Prime Minister of the Republic of Sri Lanka Sunephra Rupasinghe, Secretary of the Prime Minister's Office of Coordination and Member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, and her party.

Present on the occasion were Sunephra Rupasinghe, her husband Kumar Rupasinghe and R.L.A.I. Karannagoda, wife of the Ambassador of the Republic of Sri Lanka to the People's Republic of China.

Present there were Ho Dam, vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, and his wife.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cordially received the guests and had a talk in a friendly atmosphere.

On the occasion the guests courteously conveyed a gift of Her Excellency Sirima R.D. Bandaranaike, Prime Minister of the Republic of Sri Lanka, to the great leader.

Cuba

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, received the delegation of the Cuban Communist Party on a visit to our country on October 12.

Present on the occasion were head of the delegation Comrade Guillermo Garcia Frias, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Cuban Communist Party and deputy Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba, and members of the delegation—Comrade Guillermo Gomez, Director of the Basic Industry Department of the CC of the CCP; Comrade Tania Maceira, vice-Director of the International Department of the CC of the CCP; and Comrade Angel Felas Moreno, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Republic of Cuba to our country.

Also on hand were Comrade Pak Sung Chul and personages concerned Kim Hwan and Kim Gil Hyon.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with the delegation in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed to the great leader a verbal message and gift of Comrade Fidel Castro Ruz, First Secretary of the CC of the CCP and Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba to him.

Guyana

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, granted on October 12 an audience to the delegation of the People's National Congress Party of Guyana on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by B. Ramsaroop, Chairman of the PNCPG and Minister of Parliamentary Affairs.

Also on hand were Comrade Kong Jin Tae and personage concerned Kim Gil Hyon.

Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks to the delegation for having attended the celebrations of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the WPK to make our holiday brighter and conversed with the delegation in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The delegation presented the great leader with a gift carrying its best wishes.

Costa Rica

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, granted on October 12 an audience to the delegation of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Alvaro Montero Mejia, General Secretary of the CC of the SPCR.

Also on hand was Comrade Kim Yong Nam.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with it in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The great leader President Kim Il Sung received on October 11 Santiago Carrillo, General Secretary of the Spanish Communist Party and conversed with him in a comradely and friendly atmosphere (KCNA Radiophoto)

Laos

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, granted on October 12 an audience to the delegation of the Lao Patriotic Front.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Sanan Southichak, Member of the Central Committee of the Lao Patriotic Front, Director of the Propaganda Department of the Central Committee of the LPF, representative of the LPF in Vientiane and Member of the National Coalition Political Council of Laos.

Also on hand were Comrade Kong Jin Tae and personage concerned Li Song Hi.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a talk with it in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Mozambique

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, granted on October 12 an audience to the delegation of the Liberation Front of Mozambique.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Joaquim Munhepe, Member of the Central Committee of the Liberation Front of Mozambique.

Also on hand were Comrade Kong Jin Tae and personages concerned Li Song Hi and Chang Jong Hwan.

Comrade Kim Il Sung conversed with the delegation in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Japan

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK, granted on October 13 an audience to the delegation of the Japan Socialist Party.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Akamatsu Isamu, vice-Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party and Member of the House of Representatives.

Also on hand were Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personage concerned Kim Gwan Sop.

Comrade Kim Il Sung conversed with the delegation in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a silk banner in the name of the Japan Socialist Party to the great leader, who is the founder and guide of our Party, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea. (KCNA)

In Presence of President KIM IL SUNG, Grand Ceremony To Inaugurate February 8 House of Culture Held

PYONGYANG (KCNA)—A grand ceremony for inaugurating the February 8 House of Culture, a great monumental edifice which men of our People's Army have built in a grandiose style as a gift of allegiance to the great leader and the glorious Party, was held in Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, on Oct. 7 with the grand October festival—the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea—at hand.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people, was present at the inaugural ceremony of the February 8 House of Culture.

Men of the People's Army, artists active in the People's Army and their families and working people in the capital, their hearts swelling with the unbounded happiness and excitement at having a modern, grand palace of culture thanks to the deep love and solicitude of the great leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, thronged to the house of culture from early morning with bunches of flowers and balloons in their hands.

A portrait of the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung was set up with due respect above huge crowds of People's Armymen and working people who gathered in front of the February 8 House of Culture, a great monumental edifice and a grand palace of culture, erected in the heart of Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, thanks to the deep love of the fatherly leader. It was flanked by the slogan boards reading: "Long Live the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long Live the Glorious Workers' Party of Korea!"

Soaring high in sky were huge balloons from which were suspended streamers: "Long Live the Great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!", "Long Live the Glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" and "We Reverentially Wish the Great Leader Good Health and a Long Life!"

A guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army lined up in front of the house.

The faces of the servicemen of the People's Army and working people in the capital who were awaiting the arrival of the great leader before the house registered the feelings of unbounded reverence and thanks to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung who established the brilliant revolutionary traditions of our Party and the people's armed forces in the flames of the glorious anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle and founded the heroic Korean People's Army based on them after liberation, brightly illumined the road to be followed by it in each period and stage of the revolutionary development and has led the People's Army along the one road of victory and glory and looks after the officers and men of our People's Army with warm paternal love.

Their hearts were swelling with the high pride and honor of living and fighting, holding in high esteem the great leader who has built in this land a socialist power, independent, self-sustaining and self-defensive, by brilliantly embodying the immortal Juche idea.

At 10 a.m., the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung arrived at the newly built grand February 8 House of Culture to the strains of the welcome music.

The attendants of the inauguration ceremony warmly welcomed the great leader, raising rousing cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and waving high bunches of flowers.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was met in front of the February 8 House of Culture by vice-Presidents Kang Ryang Uk and Kim Dong Gyu, Comrades Choe Hyon, O Jin U, So Chol, Pak Sung Chul, Rim Chun Chu, Li Yong Mu, Han Ik Su and O Baek Ryong and responsible functionaries of Pyongyang municipal party and power bodies and generals of the Korean People's Army.

Amid the prolonged, enthusiastic cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" a girl soldier and a woman worker of the house of culture presented the fatherly leader with bouquets of fragrant flowers carrying the infinite reverence and allegiance of the entire officers and men of our People's Army and the people.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, his face beaming with a smile, waved to the People's Armymen and working people enthusiastically cheering "*manse!*" (hurrah).

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung cut the red tape hanging across the entrance to the new, grand February 8 House of Culture, proclaiming the inauguration of the house to the whole world.

Then, the great leader saw round one by one interior facilities of the house of culture, a consummation of the latest successes made by the architectural science and art.

The February 8 House of Culture with a total floor space of over 80,000 square metres brilliantly embodies the architectural aesthetic thinking of the great leader. Fascinating, exquisite and grand, everything in the house of culture represents the acme of modern architectural art.

The seven storeyed building is some 50 metres high. It has nearly 600 rooms, big and small, including a grand theatre and small theatre.

Looking around the grand theatre with a seating capacity of over 6,000, the small theatre with a seating capacity of 1,100, the sound regulating rooms, illumination regulating rooms, reception rooms and various other rooms, the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed satisfaction with the fact that the house has been built well in modern style in a very nice place and all its facilities are automated, and gave programmatic teachings on making an effective use of the house as a place for the ideological education and cultural education of the People's Armymen and their families and arranging better the surroundings of the house.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung extended thanks to the constructors and designers who have built in a brief time this grand house by themselves with our own blueprints, our own technique and our own facilities and materials.

Then, the fatherly leader posed for a photograph with the armymen who performed feats in the building of the house by displaying mass heroism and the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance under the red banner of the three revolutions, ideological, technical and cultural.

Congratulatory Message to President KIM IL SUNG from Central Committee of Revolutionary Party for Reunification

On Occasion of 30th Founding Anniversary of Workers' Party of Korea

PYONGYANG, Oct. 13 (KCNA)—The Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification reverentially sent a congratulatory message, carrying the ardent allegiance and utmost reverence of the entire members of the Party and the south Korean people, to the great leader of the revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung, on October 10 on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea. The congratulatory message said:

Today we are significantly greeting the 30th anniversary of the Workers' Party of Korea, the invincible Kimilsungist Party, personally founded and led by the great leader, as a great jubilee which will shine resplendently in the history of the revolution, a glorious grand festival of the revolutionary masses, under the magnificent circumstances in which the revolution of our country has entered the period of a historic turn to develop onto a new higher plane and the long-cherished great revolutionary event is approaching.

On this auspicious revolutionary holiday the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, looking back with a deep emotion on the shining path of struggle and victory, creation and change covered by the Workers' Party of Korea, reverentially extends the highest honour and warmest congratulations, reflecting the ardent loyalty and utmost reverence of all our Party members and the masses of the people in south Korea, to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great sun of the nation, outstanding genius of revolution and peerless legendary hero, who founded the Party of Juche type of the working class, the first of its kind in the history of the international communist movement, and has turned the wheels of history at an accelerated tempo with the powerful locomotive of revolution.

The cause of founding the Workers' Party of Korea carried out by the great leader is an immortal great feat to be recorded in letters of gold in the history of the communist movement in our country and in the history of the struggle for the liberation of mankind.

The sagacious leader who is the legendary hero of the anti-Japanese struggle and the great genius of revolution founded the immortal Juche idea, a great discovery in human history, already in the early period of his great revolutionary activities, conceived a grand plan to found a party of new type of the working class as a weapon for embodying the Juche idea and energetically struggled to translate the far-reaching plan into practice.

As the great leader, the peerless, brilliant hero, leading the great anti-Japanese armed struggle, the first national liberation war in history, to victory, established the brilliant revolutionary traditions, the eternal bedrock of the communist movement in our country, and laid the organisational and ideological groundwork for the founding of the Party, the Workers' Party of Korea could be founded in time on a rock-firm foundation in so complicated circumstances right after liberation.

The founding of the Workers' Party of Korea was a solemn announcement telling the birth of the era of the Workers' Party, the most glorious era in the history of the nation, and a great declaration heralding the efflorescence of the era of Juche, an era most brilliant and resplendent in human history.

Not until the respected and beloved leader founded the Workers' Party of Korea did the working class and the masses of the people of our country come to have the general staff of the revolution which would steer and guide the sacred cause of Kimilsungism and did the progressive masses of the world come to meet a reliable standard-bearer of the world revolution which would stand in the van in exploring the road to communism, the supreme ideal of mankind.

The historical course traversed by the Workers' Party of Korea up to this day since its founding is days of grim struggle against the class enemies at home and abroad, a path of magnificent creation for transforming nature and society and remoulding man and a shining history of the great pioneer in valiantly exploring a thorny, untrodden path.

In this fruitful course the Workers' Party of Korea has firmly achieved the rock-firm political and ideological unity of the whole Party and the unity of the whole country and the entire people in ideology and purpose on the basis of the unitary ideological system of Juche for the first time in the history of the revolutionary movement in our country, and has been strengthened and developed to be an invincible, tempered and tested revolutionary detachment capable of successfully overcoming any grim difficulty in the spirit of annihilating the enemy and the most powerful, authoritative and dignified Kimilsungist Party enjoying the fame throughout the world along with the august name of the great leader. And today it is accelerating the grandiose march, entering the new, high plane in its development under the great strategic programme of dyeing the whole Party and the whole society with the Juche idea.

Under the wise leadership of the great leader the Workers' Party of Korea, skilfully organising and guiding the entire Party members and the working masses, frustrated the manoeuvres and provocations of the domestic and foreign enemies and powerfully advanced the revolution and construction to do away completely with the age-old backwardness and bring the northern half of the fatherland to the highest plane in the development of human society in the shortest period and usher in the brilliant era of the Workers' Party, the new era of great prosperity and grandeur unprecedented in the history of the nation spanning 5,000 years.

Indeed, over the past 30 years the Workers' Party of Korea has remained infinitely loyal to the historic mission it assumed before the fatherland and the people and honourably discharged the great duty of vanguard devolved upon it by the times and mankind.

The Workers' Party of Korea could perform undying brilliant exploits and feats which will shine forever in history entirely because the great leader who is the genius of mankind, brilliant commander of the revolution and sun of the world and the people, was standing at the head of the Party and because there were the ever-victorious revolutionary ideas and wise leadership of the great leader.

The sagacious leader, the great master of thought and theory, founded Kimilsungism, an almighty encyclopedic doctrine guaranteeing the victory of the revolutionary struggle in the present era and the cause of communism, by systematising in an integral way the immortal Juche idea, the pinnacle in the history of human ideologies, and the revolutionary theory and the method of guidance embodying it and firmly established the guiding principle of the Workers' Party of Korea which will shine for ever.

As it is guided by immortal Kimilsungism, the eternal guiding principle of mankind and the sole guiding compass of the revolution and construction, the Workers' Party of Korea has made leaping advance along the straight highway of victory, boldly hewing the arduous road of revolution at its dawn, and become a publicly recognized, prestigeous vanguard party of the world revolution.

The great leader, the brain and heart of revolution, has waged an indefatigable struggle to strengthen organisationally and ideologically the Workers' Party of Korea, the organiser and guiding force of the revolution, and increase its militancy and enhance its guiding function and secured a firm guarantee for carrying the sacred cause of great Kimilsungism to completion generation after generation.

The great leader, the artist of guidance and the hero of creation and construction, guiding the invincible Workers' Party of Korea, has performed unprecedented miracles of world historic significance and mythological innovations in the revolution and construction, pulling through all storms, and thereby built a pyramid of exploits which will shine long on the height of the times.

The anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution unprecedented in history was carried out in a matter of one to two years. The socialist revolution was carried out only in four to five years in a unique way in a pre-modern country which had been a colony. The difficult historic task of industrialisation which took the capitalist countries a few centuries was fulfilled at an unprecedentedly short period, 14 years, and the magnificent Six-Year Plan was carried out one year and four months ahead of schedule, at a time when the whole world was undergoing a serious economic upheaval, to dash toward the high eminence of communism ahead of others. All these great miracles of human historic significance are the shining result of the embodiment of ever-victorious Kimilsungism and the precious fruition of the wise leadership of the great leader possessed of extraordinary wisdom, iron will, noble virtues and inexhaustible energy.

The great leader who is the sun of Juche and the salvation star for the liberation of mankind put forward a pre-eminent theory, strategy and tactics of the world revolution by embodying the immortal Juche idea and made the tide of independence against imperialism rise on the five continents and opened up the Kim Il Sung era, a glorious and brilliant era of Juche—a new historic era—on the globe with his seasoned leadership.

The respected and beloved leader whom the whole world holds in high esteem recently visited African and European countries, clearly analyzed the trend of the development in the complicated and eventful present era, profoundly expounded the strategy of the world revolution and gave strength and encouragement to the progressive masses of the people in the revolutionary struggle. This was another great auspicious event of our time brilliantly adorning the history of the world revolutionary movement and a great and immortal contribution to the development of history.

Thanks to the absolute authority the respected and beloved leader enjoys among the world people and his energetic external activities, the prestige of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic is rising high among all countries of the world and the balance of forces between the friend and foe in the international arena today is rapidly turning in favour of our revolution.

Indeed, it is the greatest honour and highest pride of our working class and nation to have as their leader the great Comrade Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, great master of thought and theory and genius of revolution.

The entire members of our Revolutionary Party for Reunification are waging a rigorous underground struggle in south Korea, a dark land. But this greatest honour and pride always redoubles their courage, heighten their fighting spirit and convinces them of a bright future.

Today, marking the 30th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, the entire members of our Revolutionary Party for Reunification, the defender of the interests of the working class and the toiling masses of south Korea and the vanguard detachment of the south Korean revolution, renew the determination to remain loyal singleheartedly to the end to the great leader, more deeply conscious that to carry out the revolution for reunification, the heavy task of national historic significance they assumed, at the earliest date is precisely to defend and exalt the high authority of the respected and beloved leader and add lustre to ever-victorious Kimilsungism.

Holding higher the banner of Kimilsungism, we will resolutely struggle to firmly equip the whole Party and the revolutionary ranks with Kimilsungism, valiantly organise and mobilise the entire revolutionaries and the masses of the people in south Korea in the struggle against fascism and for democracy and the national liberation people's democratic revolution and win the victory of the revolutionary cause as early as possible.

Our entire Party members and patriotic masses will struggle with might and main to bring earlier the day of glory when we will celebrate the victory of the revolution for reunification with the fatherly leader, whom we deeply revere from half a century ago, on the high rostrum and fully display their ardent fidelity to the great leader and boundless devotion to the immortal cause of Kimilsungism in this sacred revolutionary struggle.

Finally, the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification, carrying the unanimous, ardent desire of allegiance of the entire Party members and patriotic masses, reverentially wishes good health and a long life to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, genius of revolution and peerless legendary hero, for the strengthening and development of the Kimilsungist Party and its victorious advance, for the nationwide accomplishment of the revolution and the independent reunification of the country, for the eternal prosperity of the nation and the happiness of the generations to come and for the final victory of the world revolution and the eternal efflorescence of the Kim Il Sung era.

DPRK Foreign Ministry Denounces U.S. Military Aid to S. Korean Puppet Clique

PYONGYANG, Oct. 14 (KCNA)—The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people vehemently denounce the U.S. imperialists' crime of aggression in incessantly increasing the military strength in south Korea as a grave criminal act intended to block the peaceful reunification of Korea and instigate the bellicose elements of south Korea to provoke a new war in Korea.

The spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea declares this in a statement issued today in condemnation of the U.S. imperialists' ever increasing military assistance to the south Korean puppet clique and stepped-up war preparations against our Republic.

The statement recalls that the U.S. Defence Department informed on the tenth the U.S. Congress of its plan to deliver to south Korea 60 "F-5-E" and "F-5-F" fighter planes of latest type worth 205 million dollars plus huge quantities of ground force supporting equipment and even made public that a "tentative agreement" was reached on this between the U.S. imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique.

This, the statement says, is a fresh criminal move to heighten the tension in Korea in wanton violation of the Korean Armistice Agreement and jeopardize the peace in Asia and the rest of the world and a virulent challenge to the world's peaceloving people aspiring after Korea's peace and her peaceful reunification.

The statement continues:

The U.S. imperialists' stepped-up manoeuvres of aggression and war against our country are by no means fortuitous.

After they sustained a serious defeat and were driven out of Indochina the U.S. imperialists are persistently resorting to the "two Koreas" plot to take hold on south Korea as a base for Asian aggression at all costs and more desperately trying to convert south Korea into their permanent military base for aggression.

The U.S. imperialists openly declared that they would not withdraw the U.S. troops occupying south Korea but keep them there as ever, shipped into south Korea large quantities of modern mass destruction weapons including nuclear weapons and military equipment to deploy them in the area along the Military Demarcation Line and are heightening tension, committing military provocations almost every day against our Republic.

The U.S. imperialists went so far as to declare south Korea the "forward defence area" of the United States and are openly threatening and blackmailing our people, raving that in case a war breaks out in Korea the U.S. troops would be involved full scale in it to conduct military action and they would "not hesitate to use nuclear weapons."

The U.S. imperialists' decision to transfer a large quantity of military equipment and many military planes to the south Korean puppet clique is a link in the whole chain of their war manoeuvres.

War preparations are being stepped up in south Korea at a time when the world people are raising ever higher their voices demanding that the Korean Military Armistice Agreement be replaced with a peace agreement and a durable peace ensured and the question of Korea is due to be discussed in the United Nations General Assembly before long. This clearly shows that how aggressive and bellicose the U.S. imperialists are and patently proves that their talk about "peace" in Korea is nothing but a trick to conceal their crime.

Owing to the incessant aggressive machinations of the U.S. imperialists, a danger of new war is increasing day by day in Korea.

The Korean people are closely watching the criminal manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the south Korean puppet clique who are speeding up adventurous war preparations in south Korea.

The U.S. imperialists must look straight at the reality and act with discretion. They must stop the aggressive and belligerent manoeuvrings in south Korea and withdraw their armed forces of aggression.

The statement stresses that if the U.S. imperialists keep occupying south Korea, going against the demand of the time for the withdrawal of the U.S. troops carrying the signboard of the "U.N. forces" in south Korea and persist in the manoeuvres to invade our country and split the nation, they will find themselves deeper in a hopeless quagmire of serious defeat.

Dahomey Severs Diplomatic Ties With S. Korean Clique

PYONGYANG, Oct. 13 (KCNA)—Thomas Megnassan, Director of Studies and Planification of the Ministry of Information and National Orientation of the Republic of Dahomey, now on a visit to our country held a press conference in Pyongyang on October 9 in connection with Dahomey's severance of diplomatic relations with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of south Korea.

Hanging with due respect on a wall of the conference hall was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people.

The press conference was attended by newspaper, news agency, radio and T.V. reporters and other pressmen in Pyongyang, foreign correspondents and press attaches of foreign embassies in Pyongyang.

Thomas Megnassan made a speech at the press conference.

He referred to the political event that Dahomey broke off diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique.

Saying that Dahomey establishes diplomatic relations only with those countries set up in accordance with the will of their peoples, he stated:

Dahomey broke off diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique because she cannot recognize the "state" cooked up by world imperialism.

The Military Revolutionary Government of Dahomey actively supports the struggle of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for national reunification, he noted. He recalled that at the summit meetings of the Organisation of African Unity the President of the Republic of Dahomey supported the policy of national reunification put forward by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and at international meetings the Military Revolutionary Government of Dahomey strongly supported the Korean people's cause of national reunification.

Stressing that Dahomey's establishment of diplomatic relations with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was an expression of the firm support of the Dahomeyan people to the just cause of the Korean people, he said:

Since the establishment of diplomatic relations, the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries have been further strengthened and developed.

He said that Dahomey's severance of diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique is a great political event for the Dahomeyan and Korean peoples. This happy event, he emphasized, was synchronized with the significant celebration of the 30th anniversary of the foundation of the Workers' Party of Korea.

He expressed the conviction that all the third world countries would take the stand of not establishing diplomatic relations with the "state" trumped up by the imperialists.

He referred to the fact that the Military Revolutionary Government of Dahomey enforced a number of revolutionary and progressive reforms in the political, economic and cultural fields and has made great successes in the struggle for the building of a new life.

He answered a number of questions raised by reporters.

5,195,000 Japanese Signatures Collected

For Opposing U.S. Nuclear War, Demanding U.S. Troops' Withdrawal from S. Korea

All the workers of Chongryun (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) and Korean compatriots in Japan have creditably fulfilled the tasks set for the 5 million Japanese signature-collection movement. This movement was aimed at opposing a nuclear war by the U.S. imperialists, demanding the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from south Korea and at giving active support to the fighting south Korean people. It was vigorously conducted from Jul. 27 to Sep. 30 throughout Japan, and as a result, Japanese people in all walks of life gave full support and encouragement to this signature-collection movement.

Books containing over 5,195,000 signatures were sent as of Oct. 5 to the CSC of Chongryun from its prefectural headquarters.

The number of those who signed their names, accounts for about one-twentieth of the Japanese population. Therefore, the result clearly shows that the world demands the withdrawal from south Korea of the U.S. imperialists, who stand in way of the independent, peaceful reunification of the country, and are making desperate efforts to provoke a new nuclear war in Korea. It also proves that the number of supporters of and sympathizers with the sacred struggle of the Korean people are daily increasing.

These brilliant successes are a result of the wise leadership of the great leader President Kim Il Sung and an honorable fruition of the boundless loyalty of resident Koreans here to their fatherly leader. They also demonstrated to the whole world the indefatigable fighting spirit of Koreans here who are determined to smash the U.S. imperialists and their stooges who leave no stone unturned to provoke a new war, and who are making all-out efforts to bring earlier the reunification of their home country.

Chongryun workers and Koreans here rose as one in the tireless struggle to collect 5 million signatures, with their fervent desire to ease the President's care for the national reunification.

Particulary significant is the fact that Chongryun's prefectural headquarters actively organized and mobilized all the Korean compatriots here in the movement to fulfil the task ahead of schedule, learning from the speed battle of the people in the fatherland who are effecting new miracles and innovations in the struggle to fulfil ahead of schedule the assignments of the Six-Year Plan before the 30th founding anniversary of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Over 560 Korean compatriots gathered more than 1,000 signatures each, displaying a creative spirit in the signature-collection movement. Some of them collected over 3,000 to 10,000 signatures.

Korean nationals here gathering the signatures from Japanese people of all strata downtown Tokyo

The 5 million signature-collection movement converted the Chongryun organizations into more creditable ones and trained Koreans here as a dependable patriotic force dedicated to Korea's reunification.

That Chongryun workers and Koreans here collected over 5 million signatures in only two months is a great contribution toward promoting the national reunification and a serious blow at the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique who are plotting to perpetuate the division of Korea.

It also greatly contributes toward leading discussions on Korean question at the 30th UNGA Session in accordance with the will and aspirations of the Korean and Japanese peoples desiring Korea's reunification.

Rodong Sinmun Flays Atrocities of Franco Clique

Rodong Sinmun (organ of the Central Committee of the WPK) on Oct. 3 in a commentary bitterly denounced the atrocities of the Franco clique of Spain who murdered five anti-fascist fighters in cold blood.

This is one more towering crime committed by the Franco clique who leave no stone unturned to maintain the fascist dictatorial regime and prolong their remaining days in the sea of blood shed by Spanish people and the desperate frenzy of the bloodthirsty brutes, noted the commentary.

It said:

The Korean people scathingly denounce the bestial atrocities of the Franco fascist clique and strongly demand an end to the suppression of the Spanish people and the immediate release of the arrested patriots. Our people express firm militant solidarity with the Spanish working class and patriotic people who are courageously struggling against fascism and for democracy in the teeth of the suppression by the bayonet-brandishing fascist bandits.

The recent barbarous murder of Spanish anti-fascist fighters shows that the nearly 40-year long standing Franco dictatorial regime is faced with a very serious crisis and the fascist bandits are frightened by the anti-government struggle of the people which is gaining momentum with each passing day. By ruthlessly murdering the anti-fascist fighters and creating a terror-ridden atmosphere throughout the country, the Franco clique attempt to stifle the ever mounting anti-fascist fighting spirit of the people and prolong even a little the dictatorial regime whose days are already numbered.

This is an expression of the death-bed frenzy of the Franco fascist dictatorial regime.

The commentary quoted the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as teaching:

"Where there is exploitation and oppression, there will always be a revolutionary struggle of the people; and where oppressors intensify their tyranny, the people's struggle against this tyranny will always become more organized and tenacious."

Referring to the fact that despite the harsh suppression by the Franco clique, the struggle of the Spanish people against the fascist rule and for democratic freedom and the right to life is gaining in strength, the commentary said:

The recent murderous atrocities make the blood of the Spanish people boil with grudge and resentment against the Franco clique and set their hearts ablaze with the determination to take revenge upon the oppressors.

When the pent-up resentment of the Spanish people explodes, the Franco clique will be thrown into the garbage barrel of history.

Developments in Spain show that the day is not far off.

The Korean Democratic Lawyers Association also issued on October 4 a statement denouncing the Franco clique's fascist repression of the Spanish patriots. (KCNA)

Full Support Expressed for Korea's Reunion at UNGA

DPRK Del. to UN Hopes UNGA Will Adopt 42-Nation Resolution

NEW YORK, October 13, KCNA Correspondent—A delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea headed by Li Jong Mok, vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, flew into New York on October 12 to participate in the debate on the Korean question at the 30th United Nations General Assembly Session.

The delegation was met at the airport by Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Kwon Min Jun, permanent observer of our country at the United Nations, and his staffers.

The delegation was also met by delegates of foreign countries to the United Nations.

The head of the delegation of our country made a statement on its arrival in the airport.

Pointing out in the statement that the United Nations General Assembly this year would discuss the draft resolution "On the Creation of Favourable Conditions for Converting the Armistice into a Durable Peace in Korea and Accelerating the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea" co-sponsored by many peace-loving countries in support of the just stand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country; he fully supported this and offered deep thanks to the governments and peoples of many friendly countries of the world which are co-sponsors of this draft resolution.

Stressing that clearly reflected in this draft resolution are the just ways for the earliest possible attainment of the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, the unanimous desire of the Korean people and the world peace-loving people, he said:

This draft resolution calls for an end to the foreign interference in the internal affairs of Korea, the disbandment of the "United Nations Command" for accelerating Korea's independent and peaceful reunification and the withdrawal of all foreign troops present in south Korea under the United Nations flag.

This draft resolution also calls upon the real parties to the armistice agreement to replace the Korean Armistice Agreement with a peace agreement as fundamental measures to remove the tension in Korea, prevent armed conflict and guarantee a durable peace.

This draft resolution also demands that the north and the south of Korea adhere to the principles of the north-south joint statement and take practical measures for removing military confrontation between the north and the south to preserve and consolidate peace in Korea and promote the peaceful reunification of Korea.

As this draft resolution reflects the unanimous aspiration and desire of the Korean people and the world peace-loving people and correctly raises basic ways for the practical settlement of the Korean question, it has won the warm support and welcome of many countries of the world.

The head of the delegation stressed that the DPRK delegation hoped the current United Nations General Assembly would be a historical session helpful towards terminating the outside interference in the internal affairs of Korea and promoting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea by adopting this just draft resolution co-sponsored by many peace-loving nations of the world.

US Side's "Amendments" Nothing Beneficial to Reunification

—Rodong Sinmun Commentary—

Rodong Sinmun (organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea), Oct. 9, in a commentary lays bare the reactionary nature of the amended "draft resolution" submitted by the U.S. side to the 30th U.N. General Assembly. The U.S. side's amended "draft resolution" as well as its original "draft resolution" only serve the "new Asia strategy" of the U.S. imperialists designed to keep a hold on south Korea indefinitely and step up their policy of aggression on Korea and they are nothing beneficial to the correct solution of the Korean question, the commentary says.

It continues:

The so-called amended "draft resolution" of the U.S. imperialists is no more than a few amendments they made to the wording of their original "draft resolution" as it is assailed and rejected by a large number of U.N. member nations and the draft resolution of over 40 U.N. member nations keynote of which is the disbandment of the "U.N. Command," withdrawal of the U.S. troops going under the "U.N. forces" cover from south Korea and replacement of the armistice agreement with a peace agreement, is winning undivided support. This is a foolish attempt to deceive people to have supporters to their "draft resolution" and block by hook or by crook the passing of the draft resolution submitted by more than 40 U.N. member nations.

The commentary headed "Their Tactics of Disguise Only Brings into Open Their Black-Hearted Intention" says:

The basic demand for the just solution of the Korean question is to force the U.S. imperialist aggression troops out of south Korea. The U.S. troops' occupation of south Korea is a principal factor menacing the peace in Korea and obstructing her independent and peaceful reunification. In order to maintain and consolidate peace in Korea and accomplish the Korean people's cause of reunification, it is most essential and urgent to put an end to the U.S. troops' occupation of south Korea barring its realisation. Useless is the amended "draft resolution" of the U.S. side ignoring this fundamental demand for the solution of the Korean question.

The commentary goes on:

If the "U.N. Command" in south Korea is disorganised, the U.S. troops stationed in south Korea under the signboard of the "U.N. forces" must accordingly withdraw from it. Either the original "draft resolution" of the U.S. side or its amended "draft resolution" does not refer to this since the U.S. imperialists keep pursuing their aggressive design on Korea.

Pointing out that the amended "draft resolution" like the original "draft resolution" says that the dissolution of the "U.N. Command" in south Korea should be "conditional" on the "solution of a new problem of preserving the armistice agreement," the commentary says: This is a preposterous assertion.

The U.S. imperialists' assertion that the dissolution of the "U.N. Command" should be "conditional" on the "preservation of the armistice agreement" is intended, in the long run, not to disband the "U.N. Command" and proves that they are viciously scheming to attain their aggressive design on Korea.

Denouncing the U.S. imperialists who in their amended "draft resolution" put forward a pretext to draw the south Korean puppet clique into the talks concerning the armistice agreement, the commentary stresses: The real parties to the armistice agreement are the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the United States.

The commentary quotes the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung as teaching:

"There is no ground whatsoever for the U.S. imperialists to justify their armed occupation of south Korea."

The commentary says:

There is neither ground nor pretext whatsoever for the U.S. imperialist aggression troops to remain in south Korea as ever.

In order to convert the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and promote the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, it is necessary to dissolve the "U.N. Command" in south Korea, force the U.S. troops wearing "U.N. forces" berets out of south Korea and replace the armistice agreement with a peace agreement.

It is the most correct way of rightly solving the Korean question to terminate the U.S. imperialists' occupation of south Korea and put an end to the unstable state of the Korean armistice.

The U.S. imperialists must no longer make a sport of the Korean question, and immediately withdraw from south Korea. (KCNA)

Analysis of "Amended Resolution"

The Korean question is being debated in the 30th Session of the UNGA from October 21.

The rival draft resolutions have been submitted to this session in connection with the discussion on the Korean question.

The UN situation on the Korean question has so far been turning favourable for the Korean people and decisively unfavourable for the U.S. and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

As the US considers it difficult to pass through this current session its "draft resolution," judging from the results in the 28th and the 29th UNGA sessions, which were favourable to the DPRK, the U.S. is now making desperate efforts to turn this situation in the UN favourable to its side.

First of all, it submitted a more deceptive "draft resolution" on June 27, earlier than ever, in a bid to hoodwink the world public and win priority in the UNGA debate.

The Pak Jung Hi clique, on the other hand, have made manoeuvres to realize their "two-Korea" policy at any cost, by applying for "separate UN membership" at the instigation of the U.S. imperialists.

However, this "application" was turned down by the UN Security Council as unworthy of debate. In the wake of this failure, the U.S. "draft resolution" is now opposed by many countries. A clear indication of this is seen in the UN decision on the right to prior deliberation: a proposal to discuss the U.S.-initiated "draft resolution" first was voted down and a proposal to discuss a draft resolution to support the DPRK first adopted at the Steering Committee which discussed the agenda of the General Assembly on September 17.

Under these circumstances, U.S. State Secretary Kissinger tried to mislead the world public again by proposing on September 22 to hold an "international conference" to preserve the armistice agreement, including the south Korean puppet clique, who are not a party to the armistice.

This proposal also was not welcomed by many UN member nations, including the People's Republic of China, to say nothing of the DPRK, as a sinister plot to legalize the U.S. occupation of south Korea and fix "two Koreas."

In addition, the UNSC rejection of a second application for "UN membership" filed by the Pak Jung Hi puppets dealt another heavy blow at the U.S. and her allies, driving them into a tight corner.

Thus, in present situation, it was too difficult for the U.S. to railroad her "draft resolution" through the Political Committee to be held from October 22.

As a result, the so-called French "amendments" were proposed. Furthermore, the "amendments" were submitted to the UN General Assembly session in the form of a "joint amended resolution."

Deleted from the joint resolution, were the following two items: "the role of the UN Command is to be undertaken by the American and south Korean officers"; "the UN Security Council member nations recommend the parties to the armistice to negotiate on the 'UNC' disbandment," and instead, new items were introduced—"the dialogue between north and south Korea should continue for the peaceful reunification of the country" and "all countries directly concerned are expected to hold negotiation on new measures to replace the armistice agreement."

Thus, it was designed to describe the amended resolution as similar to the DPRK side's resolution sponsored by 42 countries.

In fact, there were no differences at all between the original U.S. allies' resolution and the amended one. It only made Kissinger's proposal at the UN General Assembly more ambiguous.

According to the amendments, it was claimed that "after the dissolution of the 'UNC' any foreign troops stationed in south Korea under the 'UN flag' will disappear." But the deceptiveness lies in the fact that: the "UN forces" are separated from the U.S. troops though they are the same, thereby legalizing the U.S. troops' stay in south Korea, under the pretext that they are not the UN-flagged forces.

The U.S. intention becomes clearer from another fact that in the joint amendments the "maintenance of the armistice agreement" is put forth as a precondition.

The armistice agreement is aimed at only ceasing fighting and cannot guarantee a complete peace. And the parties to the armistice are no other than the DPRK and the USA.

Subsequently, the claim for "maintaining the armistice agreement" is designed to keep the U.S. troops in south Korea as they are under the armistice agreement, and further to perpetuate the division of Korea. This only jeopardizes peace in the Korean Peninsula.

As for "all countries directly concerned" the ambiguous wording is aimed at making ambiguous the question of who the parties are, thereby pulling the south Korean puppet clique, who is not a party to the armistice, into the "negotiation."

All these facts show that the amended resolution pursues the same aggressive aim of the Kissinger's proposal and is a deceptive document intended to veil with ambiguous wording the original U.S. side's resolution for a lasting U.S. occupation of south Korea and for creation of "two Koreas."

Why did the U.S. imperialists draft such an amended resolution?

Because there was no doubt that the DPRK side's resolution would be passed through the UNGA session. On top of this, the French amendments would be rejected.

In a bid to extricate themselves from such a fiasco, the joint amended resolution was submitted to the UNGA session, on the basis of the French amendments.

Thus, by passing their resolution through the General Assembly by all means with a majority vote, the U.S. imperialists are trying to avoid competition with the DPRK side's resolution in voting, and actually to defer a decision on the Korean question to the next UNGA.

"Cambodia Fully Supports Reasonable And Just Proposal of DPRK"

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk Addresses UNGA

PYONGYANG, October 14 (KCNA)—Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia and Chairman of the National United Front of Kampuchea, in his speech on October 6 at the Plenary Meeting of the 30th United Nations General Assembly expressed full support to the just cause of the Korean people, according to a report from New York.

Speaking of the Korean question, Samdech Norodom Sihanouk said:

The Korean question is a very important one.

I am going to refer to the very important Korean question.

The U.S. imperialists have occupied the southern half of Korea and placed the south Korean people under the yoke of their neo-colonialist military rule and the yoke of the most vicious, cruel, anti-popular and anti-national Pak Jung Hi puppet regime and are imposing unbearable misfortunes upon them. The military occupation of south Korea can, in fact, be called "dual," because this occupation is maintained under the signboard of the United Nations on the one hand and under the name of the "mutual defence treaty" between Washington and the Seoul "government" on the other.

Cambodia, together with the overwhelming majority of U.N. member nations, strongly hopes that the United Nations will discontinue lending its sacred name to imperialism occupying south Korea in a military and neo-colonialist way.

As for the "mutual defence treaty" between Washington and Seoul, Cambodia considers it unworthy of respect, because Seoul does not represent an independent and sovereign state and, accordingly, both sides to the treaty are not equal. In actuality, the Pak Jung Hi "regime" is not a real ally of the United States but merely a puppet of imperialism.

This "regime" has no foothold among the Korean people. Just like the defunct Lon Nol "regime" of Phnom Penh and the Nguyen Van Thieu "regime" of Saigon, the Pak Jung Hi "regime" cannot survive any longer without support and military protection by the United States.

Therefore, Cambodia holds that our organization must withdraw all the foreign troops from south Korea completely and without delay to be true to its Charter and seek, together with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, means and ways to enable the north and the south to reunify the country peacefully without any outside interference and establish good relations with the DPRK.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk continued:

The situation is explosive in the Far East, because the U.S. imperialists are resorting to military threat and nuclear blackmail in this important area of the world, especially in south Korea where there are their main bases for aggression and in a few other countries.

War preparations are going on full scale in south Korea and the U.S. troops are staging military exercises by mobilizing tactical nuclear weapons.

To conceal its aggressive aim better, imperialism is spreading a rumour that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is making preparations for a "war of aggression and conquest."

As I know well the Democratic People's Republic of Korea every part of which I saw through my visit to it many a time every year, I assure you that the DPRK has no "aggressive" intention against anyone and anything.

Of course, its military power is very great. It, however, is of entirely defensive character. If the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is belligerent, why are the DPRK Government and its people making such great efforts to build schools, nurses, houses, parks, cultural institutions, irrigation set-ups and new fine towns?

Is it criminal and belligerent to aspire after national reunification?

Marshal Kim Il Sung, Head of State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, in the name of the DPRK, put forward the five-point policy to achieve the national unity of the north and the south and lay a favourable ground for Korea's independent and peaceful reunification.

Cambodia considers that our organization should warmly support the five-point policy set forth by President Kim Il Sung to help put an end to the division of the country unjustifiably imposed upon the Korean people.

As for the "proposal" submitted by the U.S. side to convene a meeting of the so-called parties concerned to seek ways of maintaining the armistice after the "dissolution" of the "United Nations Command," Cambodia considers that this "proposal" runs counter to the principle of respecting the sovereignty of the Korean people who have the capacity to fully exercise the right to national self-determination without any outside interference. Therefore, Cambodia cannot support this "proposal." On the contrary, Cambodia fully supports the reasonable and just proposal of the DPRK to replace the armistice agreement with a peace agreement which can ease tension.

Speeches of Foreign Delegates at UNGA

UNITED NATIONS Headquarters, KCNA Correspondent—At the Plenary Meeting of the 30th Session of the U.N. General Assembly representatives of various countries strongly demanded the dissolution of the "U.N. Command," withdrawal of all foreign troops present in south Korea under the U.N. flag from it and replacement of the armistice agreement with a peace agreement, expressing full support to our people's struggle for the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Poland

On September 25, Polish Foreign Minister Stefan Olszowski, speaking at the meeting, referred to the Korean question.

He stated that the adoption at the present session of the General Assembly of the draft resolution on "Creation of Favourable Conditions for Converting the Armistice into a Durable Peace in Korea and Accelerating the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea" would represent a contribution to the solution of the question of Korea and to the further easing of tension in Asia.

Dahomey

Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation of Dahomey, in his speech at the meeting on the same day, noted that no progress in the solution of the Korean question is attributable entirely to the foreign troops' occupation of south Korea under the flag of the United Nations.

He continued:

The United Nations must bear responsibility for this. The United Nations must create favourable conditions for converting the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

The current session of the United Nations General Assembly must take measures to withdraw foreign troops from south Korea and enable the Korean people to settle the Korean question by themselves.

Albania

Referring to the Korean question in his speech at the meeting held on September 29, Albanian Foreign Minister Nesti Nase said:

The United States continues to station its occupation troops in south Korea so that the Korean people cannot accomplish the reunification of the country, their sacred national desires, and pursue the colonial policy.

Thus the grave situation obtained in Korea menaces peace and security in the Far East.

The Albanian People's Republic demands the immediate withdrawal of the U.S. troops from south Korea and supports the just stand and reasonable proposals of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the reunification of the country.

We resolutely denounce the U.S. imperialists' "two Koreas" plot.

The United Nations which had long been used for the aggressive acts of U.S. imperialism against the Korean people, must change its stand at once, correct the unreasonable measures against the Korean people and adopt a relevant resolution for depriving the United States of the possibilities to abuse the name of the United Nations for interfering in the internal affairs of Korea.

Malgache

Manifesting again the stand of the Government of Malgache on the Korean question, Remi Tiandraza, Foreign Minister of Malgache, pointed out in his speech at the meeting on the same day:

The Korean people, who are undergoing sufferings owing to the split of the country and the occupation of south Korea by the foreign troops, have the right to have peace and security ensured. In this connection the United Nations bears heavier responsibility because its name is being dishonourably used in covering up the intervention of the outside forces in the southern half of the country. We think that we must not forget such sense of responsibility.

He continued:

Our organisation must not delay the dissolution of the "U.N. Command" raising the illegal grounds of argument and formalities. The dissolution of the "U.N. Command" goes in company with the withdrawal of all the foreign troops present in south Korea under the U.N. flag.

We believe that to replace the armistice agreement, the temporary ceasefire agreement, with a peace agreement will create favourable conditions for realizing Korea's reunification.

Upper Volta

Addressing the same meeting, Saye Zerbo, Foreign Minister of Upper Volta, said:

Tension in Korea continues for a long time.

We cannot tolerate Korea's permanent split.

To dissolve the "U.N. Command" and take the measures for withdrawing all the foreign troops stationing in south Korea under the U.N. flag constitutes the precondition for accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea.

Laos

Referring to the Korean question, Phoun Sipaseuth, acting vice-Premier and acting Foreign Minister of Laos, stressed in his speech at the meeting held on September 30:

We are pleased to express our support to the just efforts of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for withdrawing the foreign troops, in particular, the U.S. troops from south Korea.

The Laotian people sincerely support the struggle of the Korean people to achieve the peaceful reunification of the country and become the master of their destiny.

Syria

Dwelling upon the Korean question, Abdel Halim Khaddam, Foreign Minister of Syria, at the same meeting expressed full support to the Korean people in their just struggle for accomplishing the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

Cameroon

Jean Keu Tcha, Foreign Minister of Cameroon, said in his speech at the same meeting that the presence of the foreign troops in the southern half of Korea is unreasonable.

Byelorussia

Addressing the meeting on October 1, Byelorussian Foreign Minister Gurinovich declared:

The Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic always supports the constructive proposals of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to reunify the country on a peaceful and democratic basis and strongly demands that the chief obstacle in the way of the reunification of Korea be removed through the withdrawal of the foreign troops from south Korea.

He said that the realisation of this demand would be promoted with the adoption at the current U.N. General Assembly of the draft resolution with regard to "The Creation of Favourable Conditions for Converting the Armistice into a Durable Peace in Korea and Accelerating the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea" jointly submitted to the 30th U.N. General Assembly by many U.N. member states including Byelorussia.

Mauritania

Speaking on the same day, Mauritanian Minister of External Affairs Hamdi Ould Mouknass said that the situation created in Korea due to the protracted presence of the U.S. imperialist occupation troops constantly menaces peace in this region.

Pointing out that the occupation of south Korea by foreign troops is incompatible with the lofty principle of territorial integrity and the interests of the Korean people, he stressed:

The United Nations must not allow its flag to be abused in legalizing the occupation of south Korea by foreign troops. The Korean people must be given opportunities to achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country without foreign interference.

Czechoslovakia

Czechoslovak Foreign Minister Bohuslav Chnoupek spoke at the meeting on October 2.

Touching upon the Korean question, he held that the 30th U.N. General Assembly should help towards the materialization of the proposals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea aimed at the creation of favourable conditions for converting the armistice into a durable peace in Korea and accelerating the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea and demand an early withdrawal of all foreign troops still remaining illegally in south Korea under the U.N. flag.

Botswana

Speaking at the metting on the same day, A.M. Mogwe, Foreign Minister of Botswana, referred to the Korean question. Calling for the dissolution of the "U.N. Command" and the withdrawal of all foreign troops present in south Korea under the U.N. flag, he declared:

We consider that it is an essential step for peace in Korea to disband the "U.N. Command" and withdraw the foreign troops from south Korea.

Bangladesh

Referring to the Korean question in his speech on the same day, Bangladesh Foreign Minister Abu Sayeed Choudhury expressed full support to the desire of the Korean people for achieving the independent and peaceful reunification of the country without the interference of any outside force.

The Indian people sharply denounced the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their "two-Korea" plot, holding a rally in front of the puppet south Korean embassy in New Delhi

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